

\$306,000,000 CASE SET AHEAD

Brief Hearing in the Action Against New Haven Directors

THEN ADJOURNED FOR TWO WEEKS

The Hearing Was over Appointment of a Special Master

Boston, July 24.—A hearing on the notice of an order issued by Judge Bradley, to show cause why a special master should not be appointed as asked in a suit brought against certain former and present directors of the New Haven road, seeking to recover funds alleged to have been misused by the defendants, was begun in supreme court today. The action is for \$306,000,000. To-day's session was brief and an adjournment of two weeks was taken at the request of the defendants.

SIX REGIMENTS TO KEEP PEACE

With a Number of Quick-Firing Field Guns Additional Troops Were Brought Into St. Petersburg

St. Petersburg, July 24.—Stern measures were taken today to suppress strike riots. Immediately after the departure of President Poincaré of France six additional regiments were brought into the city with a number of quick-firing field guns. The authorities estimate the number of strikers at 135,000. The street car service was restored today but the strike was joined by many government employes.

TO HEAR OR NOT TO HEAR T. R.

Big Bull Moose Has Democratic Leaders in Senate Guessing on His Treaty Request.

Washington, July 24.—Colonel Roosevelt has the Democratic leaders of the Senate guessing as to what to do about his request to be heard before the foreign relations committee on the Colombia treaty, to which he is unalterably opposed.

Until the foreign relations committee meets again next week, it will probably be undecided what is to happen. Senator Stone has indicated his opposition to allowing the colonel to appear. In this it is believed Senator Stone is following the wishes of Secretary Bryan and the White House.

Under the circumstances, talk about the Senate yesterday was that the Democratic members of the committee would oppose granting the request. It is apparent, however, that the colonel stands to gain whether the committee allows him to appear or whether it turns him down. A way out of the difficulty is to temporize and hold the Colombia treaty over until next session. Inasmuch as the feeling about the Senate is that the treaty will go over anyhow and cannot be forced to a vote this session without greatly prolonging an already over-long session, this path may be taken.

The difficulty which will arise to prevent the Democrats from temporizing with the matter is a motion which Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan is going to make. He will be on hand if nothing unforeseen occurs at the next meeting of the committee. He will move that the request of Colonel Roosevelt for a hearing be granted. This will force a showdown unless enough members stay away from the meeting to break a quorum, as they did Wednesday. While Senator Smith will urge granting the Roosevelt request, Senator Borah will urge public sessions of the committee for the hearing of all testimony on the Colombia treaty and for its consideration in the Senate.

Politicians about the capital who pondered over the Roosevelt request and looked it up one side and down the other were prone to remark that it looked as if the former chief executive had not lost any of his political finesse along the shores of the River of Doubt.

SOARS WITH HUGE WEIGHT

Proposed Trans-Atlantic Flier Makes Successful Trial.

Hammondsport, N. Y., July 24.—America's first trans-Atlantic flier, the "Rohan," was flown by Glenn Curtiss, last night, from Lake Keuka with a useful load of more than 2,700 pounds. This is nearly 200 pounds more than the estimated load required for the flight from Newfoundland to the Azores Islands, and is said to be 400 pounds in excess of the world's record load, carried by the giant Russian biplane built by Sikorsky.

The gross loaded weight of the machine last night was figured as 6,100 pounds. The load exceeded any previously carried by the America in her present form by about 1,000 pounds. The third motor, just installed on the flying boat, chiefly as a lifting device, fulfilled its purpose admirably. America's trials yesterday were made under adverse weather conditions and only the pressing need to get the big flying boat shipped north by August 1, induced Mr. Curtiss to go out in the heavy rain.

There now seems to be no reason to doubt that the America will start on her trans-Atlantic flight before August 10.

INTIMATE LETTERS CAUSE CURIOSITY

Parisians on the Qui Vive Whether Contents of Letters Will Be Made Public in Court.

Paris, July 24.—"Call Madame Gueydan" was the command of Judge Albanel when court opened today for the trial of Madame Caillaux, editor of Figaro. Interest today centered around the intimate letters which were referred to in yesterday's testimony. Great curiosity was awakened whether they would be read in court or communicated privately to the jury.

M. Cecaldi, an intimate friend of Caillaux, was the first witness. He amazed those in the court by giving testimony in the form of a speech in which he reviewed the political and newspaper attacks on the former premier. His auditors kept up a continual uproar of protest or approval. After he had been speaking for an hour, Premier Barthelemy was called to the stand. Caillaux also spoke briefly before Madame Gueydan appeared.

Maitre Labore returned the letters to Madame Gueydan and asked her what were her wishes in the matter. She said: "I do not care what you do. Publish them all if you want to."

Thereupon, it was decided to place three of the letters among the papers of the case but to read only one after the recess.

For three hours yesterday afternoon Mme. Gueydan, Joseph Caillaux's wife, occupied the stand. In that time she laid bare many of the secrets of her life with M. Caillaux. She described her methods of defense against what she termed "the Machiavellian maneuvers of an unfaithful husband." She testified that he even threatened her life.

Then she left him, and hoped that he would follow her, but he did not, and she added, with a flash of her eyes and a tightening of her lips:

"You know why."

The sympathies of those in the court were gained rapidly, with telling phrases and verbal shafts that seemed to sink deep. There were murmurs of applause despite the admonitory rappings of the judge's pencil and his threats to clear the court. When she returned to her place, many crowded around her with outstretched hands and cries of "Bravo." M. Caillaux, returning to the bar, said: "M. Labore was right in thanking Mme. Gueydan for the letters. The calamity does not come from us, but from persons who used methods against her never used against others. But that is a diversion. I return to that poor woman there, pointed with a dramatic gesture to the dock where Mme. Caillaux sat quivering with emotion.

"With all my strength I will defend her. I ought to be beside her; nothing shall separate us."

As her husband was speaking, the prisoner's convulsive sobbing could be heard at the farthest end of the room. She sat crouching, her face buried in her handkerchief, and her body shaken by a nervous tremor.

TWO MET DEATH AT BARRED DOOR

United States Marshal and a Deputy Shot by Man Whose House They Tried to Search for Liquor.

Tulsa, Okla., July 24.—Holmes Davidson, United States marshal for this district, and William E. Plank, a deputy, were shot and almost instantly killed here yesterday by William Baber when they attempted to enter the latter's residence to search for contraband liquor. Baber met the officers at the door of his home and refused them permission to enter. Davidson and Plank endeavored to force an entrance when Baber, it is alleged, seized a shotgun and emptied its contents into the bodies of the two men.

Baber claims Davidson and Plank did not produce a search warrant and that both had attempted to draw weapons before he fired.

PANAMA CANAL READY.

First Steamship, Probably the Cristobal, Will Go Through in Few Days.

Washington, July 24.—Unofficially, word has been received here that the Panama canal is ready for commercial use and that the first steamer is likely to be sent through within a few days unless Governor Goethals is instructed to the contrary by Secretary of War Garrison. It is understood that the recent explosion in the channel at Cucaracha slide has not interfered with the work at that point and that there is sufficient water to permit the passage of a large vessel. It is thought that the Cristobal, 10,000 tons, which belongs to the war department, will be the steamer selected.

ORGANIZED LABOR DOING WELL.

Says Chicago Leader; but Condition of Unorganized Labor Is Bad.

Chicago, July 24.—"The situation of organized labor is good; that of unorganized labor is bad," said John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, before the federal commission on industrial relations yesterday. Mr. Fitzpatrick was questioned concerning the condition of labor in the Link Belt company, whose president, Charles Piez, was the first witness before the commission and had told of unsatisfactory results of union labor there. "I have been close to this company," said Mr. Fitzpatrick. "The concern had too decisive a control over its workmen."

APPEALS FOR DYNAMITER.

President Wilson Is Asked to Pardon Hockin from Leavenworth.

Washington, July 24.—Appeals to President Wilson for the release of Herbert S. Hockin, serving a sentence in Leavenworth penitentiary for his part in the celebrated dynamite cases, and who was denounced by the government as the "lago of the conspiracy," are being presented at the White House and to Attorney General McReynolds. Detectives who worked up the prosecution with Hockin's confession and representations yesterday in his favor to the White House. Mr. Hockin is preparing a petition for his release.

The case, taking its course through the regular channels, will come before the president in a few weeks.

WERE FORCED TO DISGORGE

Train Passengers Robbed at the Points of Revolvers

BY BANDIT TRIO IN CALIFORNIA

Estimated That the Robbers Secured \$2,000 Last Night

Los Angeles, Cal., July 24.—Deputy sheriffs are hunting the hills north of Los Angeles to-day for the two or three men who boarded a train on the Southern Pacific railroad last night and robbed the passengers of \$2,000. Two men went through the train with their revolvers flourishing, making the passengers drop money and valuables into their pockets. Another man kept in advance of the robbers.

VERMONT SHERIFF DOES SOME SHOOTING

But He Captured Man Who Was Alleged to Be Deserter from United States Army.

North Stratford, N. H., July 24.—When Sheriff Richard Beattie of Madison, Essex county, Vt., came to this town last night, and started shooting up the town in the capture of a deserter from Fort Ethan Allen, outside of Burlington, Vt., he created no small excitement.

But Sheriff Beattie, who first came into national fame in his handling of the now famous Dodge murder case and recently in his pursuit of Harry Thaw in his flight back and forth over the Canadian border, captured his man and lodged him in the county jail at Guildhall late last night.

Bernard Bonwald, also known as Joseph Short and Thomas Scott, is wanted by the Federal authorities at Nugent, Tex. He was a soldier at Fort Ethan Allen, but recently he deserted and went to the Connecticut river to escape the authorities, who he had discovered were after him.

Sheriff Beattie learned that Bonwald was at Bloomfield and he went there to capture him. He waited at the post-office, where his man soon came and asked for mail for Joseph Short. Sheriff Beattie grabbed his man and they were instantly mixed up in a hand-to-hand fight, after which the prisoner managed to escape and flee through Main street followed by the Vermont officer and a posse of townsfolk.

When the officer was about to grab his prisoner a second time Bonwald plunged into the river and struck out for the New Hampshire shore. When Bonwald did not obey the officer's command to stop, Sheriff Beattie began firing at him and this brought out the entire population to witness the affair. Bonwald kept on his way and soon managed to reach a small island in the river, where he concealed himself among the rocks.

Sheriff Beattie hurried across the bridge to this town and induced the town night watchman to join him. They rowed across the river, landed on the island and began a search for the prisoner, who was quickly found and recaptured without a battle. Bonwald was brought here and taken across the bridge into Vermont by the New Hampshire officers and then Sheriff Beattie grabbed his man and hurried away in an automobile to the county jail at Guildhall, Vt.

ADOPT RESOLUTION OF PROTEST.

Against Alleged Discharge of Union Marble Workers.

Rutland, July 24.—The alleged discharge of several men by the Vermont Marble company as a result of their activity in the newly organized marble workers' union is receiving the attention of other branches of organized labor in this city. The matter was discussed last night at a meeting of Central Trades and Labor council, the central body of the various unions of this city, the discussion terminating in the adoption of the following resolution:

"Whereas, the marble workers of this vicinity are trying to better their condition by organizing, and the Vermont Marble company has discharged some of the men, we hope that the Vermont Marble company will look on the right side of this question, as organized labor is advancing, and there is no reason why the company should not allow its men to organize without discrimination."

J. J. Reedy was elected delegate to the convention of the Vermont state branch of the American Federation of Labor to be held at Bellows Falls, and Cyril Brunelle was elected alternate.

VILLA BACKS DOWN.

Reveals Appointments of Commanders Carranza Opposed.

Guerrero, Chihuahua, July 24.—Recess of pressure brought by Gen. Venustiano Carranza against the appointment of Major Rodolfo Fierro and Col. Carlos Dominguez as brigade commanders in the Constitutional army, Gen. Francisco Villa yesterday revealed the appointments recently made by him. Fierro is the man who slew William S. Benton, a British subject, and Dominguez is an open enemy of Gen. Carranza. It is also understood that the United States objected to Fierro's selection.

In their stead Villa yesterday appointed Gen. Basilio Madrano as commander of the old Ortega brigade and Gen. Ovejas as commander of the brigade of the late Gen. Trinidad Rodriguez.

\$65,000 IS DUE VERMONT FARMERS

Out of \$200,000 Which Boston Condensed Milk Co. Owes to Milk Producers Throughout New England.—An Offer Is Made.

Rutland, July 24.—A financial statement from two of the three trustees of the Boston Condensed Milk company of Boston, which was given yesterday afternoon before a meeting of between 30 and 40 farmers from this and Addison counties, included a debt of about \$200,000 to milk producers in New England states and approximately \$65,000 is owed to the farmers of Vermont. A. B. Turner and C. B. Wilbur of Boston, representing banking houses, together with a legal representative met the local delegation yesterday afternoon and they came to Vermont in the hope of presenting a proposition which will result in the further shipment of milk. Although no definite action was taken at the meeting it is not probable that the farmers will again begin shipments, unless the foreign company place a \$50,000 bond properly endorsed in the hands of the secretary of state.

The farmers who conduct big dairies and produce milk in this vicinity have for the last number of years sold milk to foreign companies in Boston and New York. Recently the Boston Condensed Milk company failed to send the monthly checks and the milk supply gradually dropped until on July 9 the Boston car was discontinued.

Since that time the farmers have been making butter, selling their milk to the New York company or making use of the fluid on the farm. Mr. Wilbur and Mr. Turner and their house sold something like \$300,000 worth of stock in this company to their clients and when the company went wrong they offered to take up the task of getting the concern to its feet if such a thing is possible. They stated yesterday that they were serving without compensation and were even paying their own railroad fares. It was simply an effort to make good the stock they had sold their friends.

If the farmers start the shipment of milk into Boston the bankers will guarantee the monthly payments and they also promise to pay the back bills out of net proceeds. When the law went into effect calling for the bond this company formed the Boston Dairy company of Vermont and thus escaped the filing of a bond, claiming the dairy company was a local organization. Now that the fall has come the farmers have no way of forcing a collection of the \$65,000 that is due them.

In the statement made by the trustees yesterday afternoon they claim that the company has assets of \$125,000 in book accounts and such and they also claim assets of \$200,000 in real and personal property.

Mr. Turner and Mr. Wilbur left on the northbound flyer. At meetings held in Middlebury and Vergennes last night, the same proposition was advanced to the farmers of that locality.

EKWANOK CLUB WON.

Took McCullough Team Cup at State Golf Tournament.

Burlington, July 24.—The first of the three days' play in the 13th state golf tournament at the Waubunakee links yesterday was featured by some excellent scores, in spite of most unfavorable weather conditions. Rain fell practically all the morning and during the qualifying round and the competition for the McCullough cup.

According to custom, the team of Ekwano Country club players won the McCullough cup and immediately dropped out of the tournament, having evidently got all the honor that they cared for. They returned to Manchester with the knowledge that but for the phenomenal work of H. K. Kerr they would have been beaten by the Waubunakee team, whose score was 343, but one stroke behind the winner. Mr. Kerr's medal score for the 18 holes was 79. He played the last nine in 36, equalling the record for the course, both professional and amateur.

In the afternoon there was match play in the first, second and third 18. The closest match was that between G. W. Benedict, Waubunakee, and C. L. Holden, Mount Anthony, which went 19 holes. Benedict winning by one up. For the lowest score in the qualifying round, H. K. Kerr, Ekwano, won a bronze medal. This afternoon the semi-finals are scheduled, and Saturday morning come the finals, except in the match for the state championship, which goes 36 holes and will last throughout the day. Saturday also the professional match between Dodge of the Rutland Country club and Gordon of the Waubunakee club will be played, morning and afternoon, 36 holes for a purse of \$50.

In the contest for the McCullough cup, which was won by Ekwano club, with Burlington second, the Montpelier Country club was third with a score of 370; the Barre Golf club and the Rutland Country club were tied for fourth with 384, and the Mountain View club of Greenboro was sixth with a total of 388. The Barre team made the following scores in the qualifying round: L. R. Hutchinson, 89; John Reid, 96; John Daniel, 99; George Marston, 100. All four of the Barre players were defeated in the 18 hole round match play. Hutchinson in the first 18 being beaten by McKee of the Montpelier Country club, 4 and 2, and Daniel being beaten in the second 18 by F. Bailey of Mountain View, 4 and 2. Reid by C. J. Woodbury of Waubunakee, 5 and 3, and Marston by R. S. Bartlett of Waubunakee, 4 and 3.

ANOTHER BASEBALL DEAL.

Cincinnati Disposes of Two Players for One from Minneapolis.

Cincinnati, July 24.—Announcement was made today that infielder John Rowlin and outfielder Usher of the Cincinnati team had been released to Minneapolis as a part of the deal for outfielder Killifer, who will join the Reds later.

BOY'S ACT LED TO RIOT. Stopped an Italian in Pittsburg and There Are Three Casualties.

Pittsburg, July 24.—One man was instantly killed and two wounded, one of them probably fatally, last night in a fight which was caused by a boy who threw stones at an Italian.

OCCUPANTS WERE SAVED

Mrs. Julian Bonnoir and Daughter of Bakersfield Fled in the Night

BEING AWAKENED BY LAMP EXPLOSION

The Buildings Destroyed Together with Most of the Contents

Bakersfield, July 24.—The buildings on the farm of Julian Bonnoir, one mile east of this village, were destroyed by fire early this morning and Mrs. Bonnoir and her daughter had narrow escapes from suffocation. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

Mr. Bonnoir was in Belvidere last night and when Mrs. Bonnoir and her daughter retired they left a lamp burning in the kitchen. They were awakened during the night by the explosion of the lamp in the room adjoining the bedroom and by the suffocating smoke. They fled from the house in their night clothes and afterwards saved a trunk, a graphophone and a parrot. They also went to the henhouse and, breaking a window, they rescued some of the hens. Neighbors also came and assisted in the work but could not save the buildings.

CHAUFFEUR TO BE TRIED

Is Charged with Abduction of His Employer's Daughter—Louis Estman's Case Is Heard in Private.

Hingham, Mass., July 24.—Louis Estman, the chauffeur, who eloped to Portland with Fern Hallian, his employer's daughter, was held from the grand jury on the charge of abduction to-day in a local court. He furnished a bond for \$1,000. The hearing of the case was in private.

AN ELOPER SHOT.

Father-in-law of Victim Surrendered to Justice of Peace.

Haverstraw, N. Y., July 24.—Eugene Newman, a 19-year-old youth, who last Saturday eloped with Anna Cleary, daughter of William Cleary, town clerk of Haverstraw for 14 years and prominent in Rockland county Democratic politics, was shot and killed yesterday in Cleary's office here.

Cleary and his son-in-law were in the office alone when four shots were heard. Cleary walked to the office of a local newspaper and there surrendered himself to the justice of the peace, who committed him to the Rockland county jail in New York City on a charge of murder.

RIOTS FIERCE AT ST. JOHN, N. B.

Soldiers Are Forced to Charge on a Mob of 1,000 Street Car Strikers.

St. John, N. B., July 24.—During three hours of rioting in connection with the street car strike, soldiers charged a mob of 1,000 in Market square. Cars were overturned and burned.

Firemen in the power house were stoned and the city for a time with out lights. Fearing more trouble to-day, troops will be on guard in force.

ROBINSONS FOREGATHER.

Family Reunion Is Being Held with Burlington as Headquarters.

Burlington, July 24.—The annual union of the Robinson Genealogical society, which was formed in Taunton, Mass., July 18, 1900, met yesterday and to-day at hotel Vermont with an attendance of between 50 and 100. There are numerous members of the family in Vermont, but the majority came from Massachusetts points.

D. I. Robinson of Gloucester, Mass., president, other officers being Miss E. W. Robinson of Newark, N. Y., secretary, and Rosewell R. Robinson of Malden, Mass., treasurer; N. Winthrop Robinson of Boston, chairman of the executive committee; F. W. Robinson and John H. Robinson of Boston, Elyot Robinson Kennedy of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Turrell of Long Island, and Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Austin of St. Albans are among the best known members of the family here.

At the meeting yesterday afternoon papers were read by Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Turrell and Mr. Austin, that of the latter dealing with the Robinson family in Vermont. Miss Branch of St. Albans read an original poem.

The paper by Mr. Austin is of considerable local interest. He said in opening: Vermont has had but a small place upon the map of the world, but she has ever had a great and brilliant history. From the earliest dawn of the settlement of the land which is known as Vermont, to the present time, the little state of Vermont has furnished a great people, and among the most prominent were the Robinsons.

On the 30th day of December, 1761, Colonel Lydus conveyed to Thomas Robinson of the colony of Rhode Island, one-sixtieth part of the township No. 24, called Davis. From this indenture we learn of the first Robinson of Vermont, to the present time, the little state of Vermont has furnished a great people, and among the most prominent were the Robinsons.

EX-CAPT. CARSWELL OF OLD CO. E. DEAD

Well-Known Barre Man and Member of Granite Manufacturing Firm of the Carswell-Wetmore Co., Died on Thursday Afternoon.

Thomas G. Carswell, a prominent Barre granite manufacturer and a former captain in the Vermont National Guard, as well as a veteran of the war with Mexico, passed away at his home, 92 So. Main street, yesterday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock. Death was due to complications that had confined him to his home since Saturday. Mr. Carswell was not in vigorous health for some time, but his condition did not become serious until late last week. He leaves his wife and a daughter, Kate Carswell. Surviving also are his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Carswell, of Ayers street; a sister, Mrs. Donald Smith, who lives at 37 Perry street, and two brothers, William M. Carswell of New York and James B. Carswell of this city. His marriage to Miss Lena May Church took place in West Topsham May 27, 1902.

Thomas Gladstone Carswell was born in Dalbeattie, Scotland, January 19, 1876. At the age of 12 years he came to Barre with his parents and had always remained a resident here. He attended the city schools and when a young man he entered the employ of McDonald & Buchanan, where he learned the stonecutters' trade. In the shed where he served his apprenticeship he worked for 10 years and at the end of that period his ability having been recognized by Leland & Co. of New York, he was placed in charge of the company's Barre plant in the capacity of a superintendent. For several years he continued in the Leland & Co.'s service, being connected with the New York office as well as the Barre end of the business. At the same time he was engaged as superintendent of the Barre Granite & Quarry Co., a position which he retained until four years ago. In his chosen work he exhibited in a peculiar degree that faithfulness to duty which is its own best reward.

In 1908 he associated himself with F. C. Wetmore in the organization of the Carswell-Wetmore company. At its birth in Belvidere, Vermont, the company has developed a growing business in the production of fine monumental work and not a little of its success has been due to Mr. Carswell's energy. For a number of years he was an active member of the Barre Granite Manufacturers' association and at its last annual meeting he was honored with the office of vice president, a position which he held at the time of his death.

Among a large number of national guardsmen in Vermont, Mr. Carswell will be well remembered through his affiliation with the old Barre Company of Vt. While yet a young man he enlisted in the state militia and at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war he followed the company into the regular army of the United States. At Chickamauga he served as a second lieutenant in Company E, first Vermont regiment of infantry and had the distinction of being the youngest officer in the army. At that time he was 22 years old. He remained in the South until the Vermont troops returned home in September, 1898. When the regulars were mustered out, Mr. Carswell rejoined the National Guard and thereafter served efficiently as captain of the local company. His interest in the state militia did not cease and at the yearly reunions of the Spanish-American war veterans he was one of the moving spirits.

The deceased was a member of Clan Gordon, No. 12, O. S. G., and also belonged to the Military Order of Foreign Wars and the Spanish-American War Veterans' Association of Washington County. In the younger generation of business men in Barre he represented a type which the community can ill afford to lose and his passing will cause genuine sorrow among many.

The funeral services will be held at the house Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Barnett, pastor of the Congregational church, will officiate. The interment will be made in the family lot at Elmwood cemetery. It is the request of the family that flowers be omitted.

RUTLAND LEGACIES RECEIVED.

\$20,000 for Hospital and \$10,000 for the Library.

Rutland, July 24.—The two legacies made a year ago by Mrs. George H. Cutts of California, formerly Mrs. John W. Crompton of this city, to the Rutland Free Library, arrived here yesterday. The delay was due to the necessity for settling up the estate, and the length of time given in California for such purposes.

The sum of \$20,000 goes to the Rutland hospital, and was received by E. P. Gilson, treasurer of the Hospital association. The sum of \$10,000 goes to the library, and was received by Mrs. John W. Ross, president of the Library association.

Mr. Gilson stated that in all probability the \$20,000 would be instituted as a fund, and the income used as seemed wise. It is not, at present at least, proposed to use the principal.

The money received by the library will in all probability be made into the nucleus of a building fund, according to various officers of the association, and allowed to accumulate.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Miss Alice Carroll, who has been employed in the office of the Johnson & Gustafson Granite company for the past four years, has resigned her position. She will leave next week for New York City, where she has secured a similar position in a granite office. Her position in the Johnson & Gustafson office will be taken by Pratt Troupe.

COBBLE HILL QUARRY SOLD

Passes into Hands of John Trow at Auction Sale

LATTER'S INTENTION IS NOT DISCLOSED

Sale Was Made by Receiver on Consent from the Court

Wheaton's quarry, a deposit of light gray building granite on Cobble hill that is linked with the earliest history of stone development in Barre, has been sold at auction to John Trow for \$18,500. The transfer of the quarrying property, which comprises several acres of land owned by the Barre White Granite Co., was made by Virgil E. Ayers, receiver for the company. In the offices of the Wells-Lamson company, a number of bidders gathered and several prices were named on the property before it was finally knocked down to Mr. Trow. Most of those who put in bids on the quarry were stockholders in the company. When interviewed, Mr. Trow said he had not completed any plans for the disposition of his purchase. It is generally believed that operations in the deposit are to be resumed at this time.

The sale is the outcome of a chancery decree in the case of Jones Bros. vs. the Barre White Granite Co. et al., now pending in chancery. Last April, V. E. Ayers was appointed receiver and authorized to sell the property to the highest bidder before September 1. Among those who were interested in the Cobble hill quarrying project were Donald Smith, John Trow, Granite Savings Bank & Trust Co., Quarry Savings Bank & Trust Co., Barre Savings Bank & Trust Co., H. A. Phelps, Mildred I. Phelps, Evelyn Z. Phelps, Katherine E. Phelps, Allard G. Fay, George Stratton and Fayette T. Cutler of Barre and Richard T. Storer of Chicago. In the deal there figures a small quantity of equipment. The quarry has not been worked for eight years or more.

Although it may not be a matter of common knowledge, Barre's position in the stone working world to-day had its beginnings in the Wheaton quarry, so-called, on Cobble hill. Robert Parker, a soldier of the American revolution and a veteran of Bunker Hill, together with Thomas Courser formed a partnership in the early part of the last century and began quarrying there on a small scale. Granite underpinning for a number of brick houses in this locality came from what is now known as the Wheaton quarry and as the years went by the demand for the product grew apace. From 1820 to 1837, the state of Vermont bargained to pay the owners \$100 per year for the privilege of quarrying stone to be used in the capitol at Montpelier. It is not to be understood that all of the stone in the earlier capitol came from Cobble hill, as much of it was taken from the deposit on Millstone hill now owned by the Barre Granite & Quarry Co. From the Wheaton quarry, however, came the stone that was used in the stone working world to-day had its beginnings in the Wheaton quarry, so-called, on Cobble hill. Robert Parker, a soldier of the American revolution and a veteran of Bunker Hill, together with Thomas Courser formed a partnership in the early part of the last century and began quarrying there on a small scale. Granite underpinning for a number of brick houses in this locality came from what is now known as the Wheaton quarry and as the years went by the demand for the product grew apace. From 1820 to 1837, the state of Vermont bargained to pay the owners \$100 per year for the privilege of quarrying stone to be used in the capitol at Montpelier. It is not to be understood that all of the stone in the earlier capitol came from Cobble hill, as much of it was taken from the deposit on Millstone hill now owned by the Barre Granite & Quarry Co. From the Wheaton quarry, however, came the stone that was used in the stone working world to-day had its beginnings in the Wheaton quarry, so-called, on Cobble hill. Robert Parker, a soldier of the American revolution and a veteran of Bunker Hill, together with Thomas Courser formed a partnership in the early part of the last century and began quarrying there on a small scale. Granite underpinning for a number of brick houses in this locality came from what is now known as the Wheaton quarry and as the years went by the demand for the product grew apace. From 1820 to 1837, the state of Vermont bargained to pay the owners \$100 per year for the privilege of quarrying stone to be used in the capitol at Montpelier. It is not to be understood that all of the stone in the earlier capitol came from Cobble hill, as much of it was taken from the deposit on Millstone hill now owned by the Barre Granite & Quarry Co. From the Wheaton quarry, however, came the stone that was used in the stone working world to-day had its beginnings in the Wheaton quarry, so-called, on Cobble hill. Robert Parker, a soldier of the American revolution and a